GUIDE & CHECKLIST





This guide provides explanatory information about the Rental Minimum Standards and a list of requirements or standards that need to be met by Rental Providers before a new rental agreement is signed. Refer to the Residential Tenancies Regulations 2021, Schedule 4 (p. 180) www.legislation.vic.gov.au/in-force/statutory-rules/residential-tenancies-regulations-2021/001

1.1 Does the front entry door of the property have a deadlock, or a lock that is opened by a key from the outside, and may be unlocked from the inside with or without a key?		
1.2 Does the back door of the property have a deadlock, or a lock that is opened by a key from the outside, and may be unlocked from the inside with or without a key?		
1.3 Do any other doors to the outside (including sliding doors) have a deadlock, or a lock that is opened by a key from the outside, and may be unlocked from the inside with or without a key?		
Single cylinder sliding door lock		
	opened by a key from the outside, and may be unlocked from the inside with or without a key? 1.3 Do any other doors to the outside (including sliding doors) have a deadlock, or a lock that is opened by a key from the outside, and may be unlocked from the inside with or without a key? Single cylinder sliding	opened by a key from the outside, and may be unlocked from the inside with or without a key? 1.3 Do any other doors to the outside (including sliding doors) have a deadlock, or a lock that is opened by a key from the outside, and may be unlocked from the inside with or without a key? Single cylinder sliding



MINIMUM STANDARD	CHECKLIST	YES	NO
 2. Vermin Proof Bins A rubbish bin and a recycling bin are to be supplied for use by the renter of the rented premises which are— a) provided by the local council; or b) vermin proof and compatible with local council collection As paid for with rates and provided by the local council. 	2.1 Does the property have a rubbish bin?		
	2.2 Does the property have a recycling bin?		
3. Toilets A working toilet connected to a system to take away wastewater.	3.1 Does the property have a working toilet?		
The toilet must be in a room intended to be used as a toilet or bathroom area. It may be a separate enclosed structure (such as a toilet in a room separate from the house).			
 4. Bathroom facilities Bathrooms must provide: hot and cold water a wash basin shower OR bath if there is a shower, the shower head must be a water efficient shower head of at least 3-stars in the WELS rating system. A 3-star WELS shower uses 9 litres of water per minute. in some cases, older properties with older plumbing will have inadequate water flow if a 3-star rated shower head is installed. In these cases, a 1 or 2 star rated shower head can be installed. 	4.1 Is hot and cold water connected to the bathroom facilities?		
	4.2 Does the bathroom have a wash basin?		
	4.3 Does the bathroom have a shower? Or		
	Does the bathroom have a bath?		
	4.4 If there is a shower does it have a 3-star WELS rated shower head?		



MINIMUM STANDARD EXPLAINED	CHECKLIST	YES	NO
5. Kitchen facilities Kitchens need to provide certain amenities, as described in the Rental Minimum Standard and the checklist. If the dwelling is a registered Heritage Place under the Heritage Act 2017 and a permit to modify the kitchen has been refused, the kitchen standards do not have to be complied with. This is unlikely to affect any CEHL dwellings.	5.1 Does the kitchen have a dedicated area intended to be used for cooking and food preparation?		
	5.2 Does the kitchen have a sink in good working order connected to hot and cold water?		
	5.3 Does the kitchen have a functioning cook top with at least 2 burners?		
	5.4 If there is an oven, is it in good working order?		
6. Laundry facilities Hot and cold water needs to be connected to the laundry facilities, if laundry facilities are provided.	6.1 If there are laundry facilities are they connected to hot and cold water?		
 7. Structural soundness The dwelling should be structurally capable of: performing adequately under all reasonably expected actions withstanding actions such as those caused by loads, wind, rain, groundwater, storms, etc withstanding damage and remain stable if it is damaged not damage other properties The roof, external walls, windows and doors must prevent the penetration of water. 	7.1 Is the property structurally sound and weatherproof?		
 8. Mould and dampness Things to consider if investigating whether mould or damp is caused by the building structure: Is the roof leaking? Are the gutters clear? Do the walls, windows or doors leak? Is there an undetected water leak under the house or in the wall? Is there rising damp from the ground? 	8.1 Are all rooms free from mould and damp caused by or related to the building structure?		



MINIMUM STANDARD EXPLAINED	CHECKLIST	YES	NO
 9. Electrical safety This Rental Minimum Standard will apply from March 29, 2023. From that date in any property that has a new rental agreement all power outlets and lighting circuits must be connected to a compliant switchboard-type Circuit Breaker and a compliant switchboard-type Residual Current Device. CEHL has obtained estimates from an electrician for typical costs listed below (as of March 2021) To upgrade Residual Current Devices or Circuit Breakers on a single circuit: From \$100 ex GST If the switchboard also needs to be replaced the cost would be approximately \$1,100 ex GST plus \$200 ex GST for an initial audit. Sometimes extra costs may be incurred to replace external switch board doors, earth stakes, running earth wire to lighting points or replacing parts of superseded/damaged/unsafe wiring. 	NOTE: Compliance with this standard not required until 29 March 2023, however the information should be collected now so that CERCs can plan for the work. 9.1 Are all power outlets and lighting circuits connected to a compliant (refer to rental minimum standards) switchboard-type Circuit Breaker? 9.2 Are all power outlets and lighting circuits connected to a compliant (refer to rental minimum standards)		
	switchboard-type Residual Current Device?		
 10. Window coverings This Rental Minimum Standard will apply from 29 March, 2022. Bedrooms and living areas must have functioning blinds that can be opened and closed by the Renter to- a) Reasonably block light b) provide reasonable privacy to the Renter 	NOTE: Compliance with this standard not required until 29 March 2022 10.1 Do all rooms used as bedrooms and living areas have functioning curtains or blinds?		
11. Windows If a window can open, it must be functional and have a latch or pin to secure against external entry.	11.1 Are all windows that are capable of being opened, able to be set in a closed or open position?		
	11.2 Are all windows able to be secured closed to prevent external entry?		



MINIMUM STANDARD EXPLAINED	CHECKLIST	YES	NO
 12. Lighting All internal parts of the home need to be illuminated by natural or artificial light sources. Habitable rooms need to be illuminated by natural light during the day and have artificial light for night-time. A habitable room as defined by the Building Code of Australia means a room used for normal domestic activities, and includes: a bedroom, living room, lounge room, music room, television room, kitchen, dining room, sewing room, study, playroom, family room, home theatre and sunroom; but excludes a bathroom, laundry, water closet, pantry, walk-in wardrobe, corridor, hallway, lobby, photographic darkroom, clothes-drying room, and other spaces of a specialised nature occupied neither frequently nor for extended periods. If the dwelling is a registered Heritage Place under the Heritage Act 2017 and a permit to modify it has been refused, the lighting standards do not have to be complied with. This is unlikely to affect any CEHL dwellings. 	12.1 Do all rooms and hallways have access to natural or artificial light that provides enough light for the use of the room?		
	12.2 Do habitable rooms have access to natural light, including borrowed light from an adjoining room during daylight hours?		
	12.3 Do habitable rooms have access to artificial light during non-daylight hours?		
13. Ventilation	Houses/units		
 This standard is slightly different for houses/units than multi storey apartments. Class 1 buildings are houses. Typically, they are standalone single dwellings of a domestic or residential nature. These buildings can also be horizontally attached to other Class 1 buildings. When attached they are commonly referred to as duplexes, terrace houses, row houses and townhouses. Habitable rooms in houses need to have a door or window that opens to the sky or adjoin a room that does (so long as that room is not a toilet). Bathrooms/toilets/laundries in houses need to have a door or window that opens, and/or a suitable exhaust fan. A roof space is adequately ventilated if it has: open eaves, and/or roof vents; or is covered by roof tiles without sarking or similar material which would prevent venting through gaps between the tiles. 	13.1 Does each bedroom, living room, kitchen, dining room, study/playroom have ventilation provided by an openable window or door that is open to the sky, an open veranda, carport or an adjoining room (that is not a toilet)?		
	13.2 Does each bathroom, shower room, toilet and laundry have ventilation provided by: - an openable window or door, and/or - an exhaust fan/mechanical ventilation that exhausts air to outside the building or into the roof space (if that roof space is adequately ventilated)?		



MINIMUM STANDARD EXPLAINED	CHECKLIST	YES	NO
Class 2 buildings are apartment buildings. They are typically multi- unit residential buildings where people live above and below each other. Habitable rooms in apartments need to be able to have a door or window that opens to the sky or adjoin a room that does (so long as that room is not a toilet), or a suitable air conditioning / ventilation system Bathrooms/toilets/laundries in apartments need to have a door or window that opens, or a suitable mechanical ventilation/air-conditioning system.	Apartments (multi-story) buildings 13.3 Does each bedroom, living room, kitchen, dining room, study/playroom have ventilation provided by: - an openable window or door that is open to the sky, an open veranda, carport or an adjoining room (that is not a toilet), or - a compliant mechanical ventilation or air-conditioning system		
	 13.4 Does each bathroom, shower room, toilet and laundry have ventilation provided by: an openable window or door that is open to the sky, an open veranda, carport or an adjoining room that is not a toilet, or a compliant mechanical ventilation or air-conditioning system? 		
NOTE: From 29 March 2021 if there is no fixed heater or it is not in good working order, an energy efficient heater needs to be installed in the main living area, unless it is a Class 2 building and it is unreasonable to install such a heater. A fixed heater is a heater that is not portable.	Houses/units 14.1 Does the property have a fixed (i.e. not portable) heater in good working order in the main living room?		
NOTE: From 29 March 2023 in properties where a new rental agreement is signed, heaters in the main living room need to meet the minimum energy efficiency requirements, unless it is a Class 2 (apartment building) and it is unreasonable to install such a heater.	Apartments (multi-story) 14.1 Does the property have a fixed (i.e. not portable) heater in good working order in the main living room?		



14 Heating continued	
The Regulations define "energy efficient" as:	
For a non-ducted air conditioner or heat pump (split	
system):	
 In a Class 1 building (house/unit) = 2 stars 	
 In a Class 2 building (apartments) = 2 stars 	
For a gas space heater:	
 In a Class 1 building (house/unit) = 2 stars 	
 In a Class 2 building (apartments) = 2 stars 	
The Regulations define "unreasonable" as:	
 it would be unreasonable to install an air 	
conditioner, heat pump or gas space heater if:	
a) the cost of installation would be	
significantly higher than the average price of	
installation in a Class 2 (apartment) building;	
b) owners corporation rules prohibit	
installation of the appliance; or	
c) compliance with any other Act or local law	
makes the cost of installation prohibitive.	

Other items to confirm at an inspection <i>Information required for the Condition Report at the start of the Rental Agreement (refer to Form 4 Part C in the Regulations)</i>		YES	NO
A telephone line is connected to the property.	Confirm a telephone line is connected		
An internet line is connected to the property. The utility charges rental providers are liable to pay for has been expanded and now includes all costs and charges with respect to the initial installation of fixed internet and telecommunications connections to the rented premises, including through the national broadband network. <i>Refer to Regulation 22</i> .	Confirm an internet line is connected		
The rented premises is connected to the national broadband network (NBN). Rental providers should cover all costs in ensuring properties are NBN ready and renters will be responsible for any setup and plan fees charged by their ISP in relation to their chosen plan. Refer to Regulation 22.	Confirm the premises is connected to the NBN		
Location of NBN connection in the rented premises.	Record the location of the NBN connection and take a photo. Write location here:		